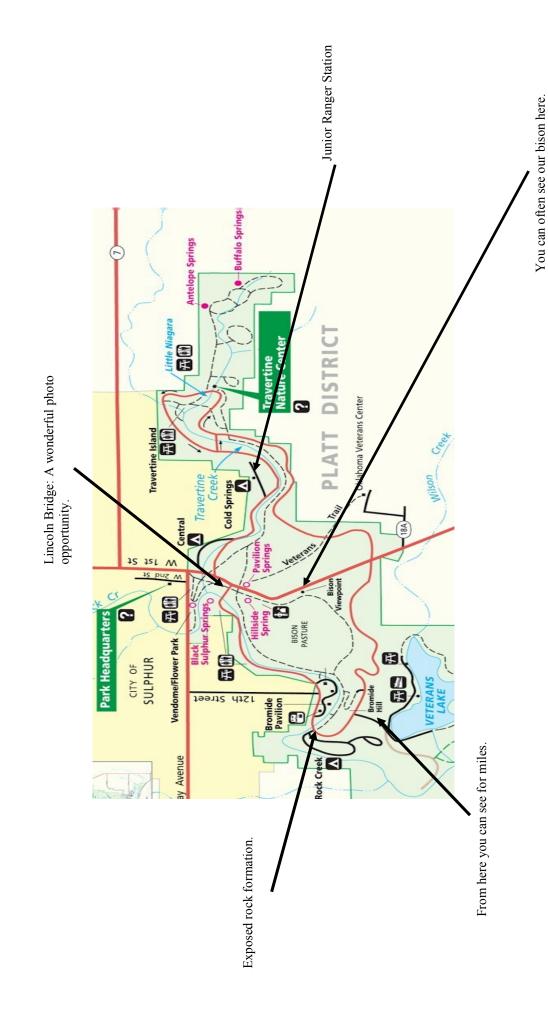
Chickasaw National Recreation Area





Junior Ranger Book





Become a Junior Ranger

Anyone can become a Junior Ranger if they are ready to learn about Chickasaw National Recreation Area and have fun! As a Junior Ranger, your responsibility is to enjoy and help protect National Parks you visit. Every National Park has a Junior Ranger program. See how many badges and patches you can earn!

Use the chart below to figure out which activities you need to complete to earn your Junior Ranger certification. When you are finished, take your book to a Park Ranger at the Travertine Nature Center or Cold Springs Junior Ranger Station.

Instructions: Find your age below, and circle the symbol that corresponds. Wherever you find your symbol in a box, complete the activity that follows.

Welcome to Chickasaw National Recreation Area!

CHICKASAW

We hope you enjoy the park and have fun earning your Junior Ranger badge.



Your Symbol	Your Age
	5 & Under
	6-12
	13-18

Psst...The fun doesn't have to stop when you leave the Park! You can become a Web Ranger by creating an account online and connecting with Web Rangers all over the world

Visit www.nps.gov/webrangers to get started!

Your Name

Safety First





Instructions: With your parents or another adult, sing or recite the following song about Poison Ivy. Have a parent, adult or a Ranger show you what Poison Ivy looks like and tell you why you should never touch it.

Poison Ivy

Sung to the tune of "My Bonnie Lies Over the Ocean."

My body needs some kind of lotion.

2

It's itchy and red, you can see.

The flowers I picked for my mommy,

Turned out to be poison ivy!

8

9

CHORUS:

Leaves of three, Let it be, If it's got leaves of three let it be, be, be

10 12

Leaves of three, Let it be, If it's got leaves of three let it be, be, be

GOT QUESTIONS? ASK A RANGER!

For more information about any of these activities, circle it on the Ask a Ranger Activity on pg. 20.

Decode It



Instructions: Read over the Poison Ivy song on page 4. The red letters in the song spell out a secret code. Match the numbered letters in the song to the numbers below to complete the safety phrases.

To be safe while in the Park:

1. Do not ____ into the water.

12

7 3 10 1

- 2. Always wear a ____ while boating.

In an Emergency...

In case of an emergency, you will need to call for help. There are three very important things to know when you call. They are: location, a description of the victim, and the type of accident that occurred.

Instructions: Imagine a scenario in the park where you would need to call for help. Using the script on the right, fill in the blanks to give the dispatchers the information they need to send help your way.



14

9	222	PPP ?
Hello	,	
I'm c	alling to report an accide	lent. I am at
		(location)
and I	saw	
(desc	ription of the incident).	The victim is
(desc	ription of the victim)	

National Park Service Mission



The arrowhead patch is a symbol that you will see on every Park Ranger's uniform and on signs throughout the park. It is important because each part of the patch represents the resources the National Park Service works to protect.

Instructions: Below is the outline of the arrowhead patch. Find an arrowhead in the park and draw in the missing elements, then read about what each part of the patch represents.



The bison represents all the different **animals** in all the different parks.

The trees represent all the different **plants**.

The mountains represent all the different land formations.

The lake represents all the different bodies of water.

The arrowhead shape represents the different **history** at every park.

Identifying National Parks



Instructions: The National Park Service has almost 400 properties. Circle the ones below you think are National Park areas. Put an 'X' through ANY of the areas you have visited.

Chickasaw National Recreation Area	Beavers Bend	Greenleaf	Little Sahara
Lake Murray	Oklahoma City National Memorial (affiliated)	Lake Texoma	Washita Battlefield National Historic Site
Robbers Cave	Roman Nose	Lake Thunderbird	Wichita Mountains Wildlife Refuge
Chickasaw Cultural Center	Lake Eufaula	Lake Tenkiller	Turner Falls

Protecting History, Scenery and Natural Resources



Instructions: The National Park Service is charged with conserving "the scenery and the natural and historic objects and the wildlife therein" in

America. What aspects of the National Park areas below make them important to preserve? (Some areas may have more than one answer.)

answer.) Check the appropriate circle(s). Chickasaw National Recreation **□Scenic □**Natural ☐ Historic Area Oklahoma City National Memorial ☐ Historic **□**Natural □ Scenic Washita Battlefield National ☐ Historic □ Scenic **□**Natural Historic Site Yellowstone National Park ☐ Historic **□Scenic □**Natural Lincoln Memorial ☐ Historic □ Scenic **□** Natural Did you know...

That the land that is now known as Chickasaw National Recreation Area became a protected area in 1902? That makes us older than the National Park Service!



The Natural World



Instructions: All the animals below can be found here in the park. Observe the animals and then show where they live by circling the pictures beside them.

	<i>, , ,</i>	•	
Where do I live?	Forest	Prairie	Creeks
Vendome Well			
Instructions: Go to Ve	endome Well and		

Instructions: Go to Vendome Well and write down your observations. What did you see? What did you smell?

Did you know...

Chickasaw National Recreation Area has a unique blend of plants and animals. This area is called an ecotone, where plants and animals from Western prairies mix with plants and animals from Eastern forests. As you visit different areas of the park, notice how the nature around you changes.

Conduct an Experiment



Instructions: Visit Vendome Well. You are seeing water that is coming out of the ground after thousands of years of being underground. It is sterile. As you can tell from the odor, it is very heavily mineralized.

The water flows down a channel then goes underground a short way and emerges in Flower Park. It flows across Flower Park and enters Travertine Creek near Lincoln Bridge.

Walk at least 200 yards along this stream, stopping every 20 yards to record your observations about any livings things that are growing in the water. What do your observations tell you about the adaptability of life to grow and flourish in habitats?

[Alternate] This experiment can also be done at Antelope Springs, which is a fresh water spring, or along Travertine Creek. The outflow channel at Antelope Springs is only about 20 yards long so you will only need to make three observations that are seven yards apart.

	"Conduct an I	Experiment" Observ	ations
	Smell	Water Color	Living Things (in or near the water)
Stop 1			
2		All I	
3		APPENDING TANK	
4		网络外胚的 数点线	
5			
6			
7			
8			
9			
10	The state of the s		

A Place of Water



	 Instructions: With a parent or adult, visit of areas in the park and draw what you see the in the box next to any area you have visited ☐ Antelope Springs or Buffalo Spring ☐ Travertine Creek in front of the Nat ☐ Little Niagara 	ere. Put a check mark
	☐ Vendome Well	
	☐ Bear Falls or Panther Falls	
A Committee of the Comm		
		Did you know
		People from all over the country came to Platt National Park to drink from the mineral springs in the 1930s. That's where we get the phrase "taking the water." At the time, we even had more visitors than Yellowstone National Park!

Waterworks



The original survey of Platt National Park listed 33 fresh water and mineral springs. Now there are only a few left that flow reliably in the Park. The springs depend on underground water stored in an aquifer. When the level of water in the aquifer goes down, the springs will slow down and eventually stop flowing if the level gets too low.

Did you know...

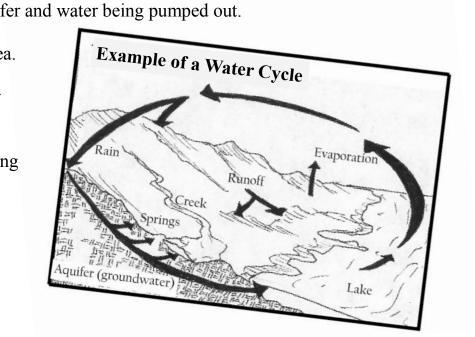
The water cycle at Chickasaw National Recreation Area includes springs, creeks and lakes.

The aquifer depends on water entering it from what is called a recharge area which is located to the east and southeast of the park. Rainwater enters the ground and flows through underground channels into the aquifer.



Instructions: Below are some reasons why the water level in the aquifer is dropping. Write a "P" by the ones you think people can control, an "N" by the ones that nature controls or a "B" if it is both man and nature.

 Wells being drilled into the aquife
 No rainfall onto the recharge area
 Water flowing out of the aquifer through springs.
 Eastern Red Cedar trees absorbin the rainwater at the surface before it enters the ground.



The Travertine Nature Center Scavenger Hunt Bingo



Find one Bingo



Find three Bingos



Black out all the squares!

Aquarium

The story of CNRA is a story about water. Everything in our aquariums is also in our creeks and lakes.



Opossum

@ChickasawNPS Chickasaw NRA This is North America's only marsupial (pouched animal).

ΑE

AED's (Automated Externin many public places and anyone in an

Bison Head



Chickasaw National Recreation Area Bison were once hunted to near extinction, but their numbers are now increasing nationwide.

42 minutes ago

Bottle Covered with Rock

The same process created stalactites and stalagmites in caves.



HICKASAW

Chickasaw Natio The Platt Historic to as "The People" about an hour ago

FR

Senator Orville Platt



@ChickasawNPS Chickasaw NRA In 1906 "Platt National Park" (today Chickasaw NRA) was named after Senator Platt from Connecticut.

Fossils



Chickasaw National Recreation Area The Arbuckle Mountains are ancient and contain some of the oldest fossils in Oklahoma.

15 hours ago

Park Ranger uniforms are inspired by Army Cavalry uniforms circa

the 1800's.

The "Money \$\$ Tree"



Chickasaw National Recreation Area Donations from visitors help care for the park.

22 hours ago

Poison Ivy

The vines are very poisonous and have small reddish "hairs." "Hairy vine, no friend of mine."



Creek Runn Buile



@ChickasawNPSThere are many "s architecture of CN

Tree

Trees can be identified by their leaves, bark and shape.



Photo of Vendome Well



@ChickasawNPS Chickasaw NRA
This is an artesian well. There are no pumps. It is forced up through the well pipe by underground pressure.

Picture of



Chickasaw Nation Eagles and all bis Even possessing illegal.

36 minutes ago

Instructions: Go to Travertine Nature Center and see if you can find the items below! Use the key to the left to figure out how many items you need to find. A 'Bingo' means finding five items in a row.

<u>D</u>	Prickly Pear Cactus	American Bison
al D efibrillator) are found are designed to be used by emergency.	Chickasaw National Recreation Area These are commonly found in desert and prairie environments. 37 minutes ago	More commonly known as "buffalo."
<u>ilt</u>	<u>Deer</u>	Anticline and Syncline
nal Recreation Area District has been referred s Park."	CNRA has many white-tailed deer. Watch for them.	@ChickasawNPS Chickasaw NRA Have you ever wondered what makes the hills and valleys?
EE (S) (S)	@ChickasawNPS Chickasaw NRA Snake skins have had many uses dating back to ancient times.	Fire Fighter Helmet Chickasaw National Recreation Area Prescribed fires are a "tool" used by Rangers to promote natural conditions in the environment. 17 minutes ago
ing Under a ding	National Park Service Arrowhead	Ancient Seas and Mountains <u>Exhibit</u>
Chickasaw NRA tories" about the RA.	This symbol is only found in National Park areas.	@ChickasawNPS Chickasaw NRA You are standing at what once was the bottom of an ocean.
an Eagle onal Recreation Area rds of prey are protected. the feathers of an eagle is	Turkey @ChickasawNPS Chickasaw NRA CNRA has a sizeable Wild Turkey population. Watch for them.	Rocks The story of the early earth is told in the rocks.

Follow us on Twitter by searching ChickasawNPS and on Facebook by searching Chickasaw National Recreation Area!

History



Instructions: Below are images of all the different people and animals who have used the springs of the Park. Draw lines to the pictures that match.

Did you know...

A Bison herd has been a central feature of the Platt Historic District [formerly Platt National Park, 1906-1976] since 1922. In February of 1922, three bison were transported here via horse-drawn wagon from Oklahoma's Wichita Mountains Wildlife Refuge.







The Civilian Conservation Corp



Instructions: Read the paragraphs below and then answer the questions at the top of page 15.

According to the Park website (www.nps.gov/chic), much of Platt National Park was built by a popular New Deal Program called the Civilian Conservation Corps (CCC). These young men were part of President Roosevelt's "Tree Army" and, at the height of the Great Depression, thousands of young, unmarried men between the ages of 18-25 signed up. Their enlistment was for six months but they could extend for up to two years. At Platt National Park, about 250 young men would work in the CCC.

They were paid "a dollar a day" or \$30 per month. They only got to keep \$5, the rest was sent to their families. The Army ran the CCC camps and uniforms, food, shelter and other necessities were provided.

Here in the Platt Historic District of the Park, many CCC structures still exist. They include

Pavilion Springs, Buffalo Springs, Bromide Pavilion and many of the falls on Travertine Creek.

CCC Questions: 1. The CCC was nicknamed "Roosevelt's T A ___ " because they replanted many of the forests that had been cut down. 2. CCC boys joined up for _____ months and were paid \$____ per month of which they only got to keep \$5 for themselves. The rest was sent to 3. The CCC was created during an economic downturn called the "Great President Roosevelt's "N____ D 4. Draw a line through the two structures below that the CCC did NOT build. a. Little Niagara b. Buffalo Springs c. The Visitor Information Station d. Panther Falls e. Lincoln Bridge f. Pavilion Springs **Dollar Conversions** Although it is difficult to convert 1930 dollars to today's dollars, an estimate can be made by comparing prices of things like bread and gasoline. Using these estimates, \$1 in the 1930s would be worth about \$13 in 2010. Members of the CCC were paid \$30 a month but were only allowed to keep \$5 of their earnings. The rest they had to send home to their families. However, their uniforms, food, medical care and other necessities were provided for them. The \$5 they kept was their "allowance." 1. How much was the CCC's allowance in 2010 dollars? \$ How much did they send home in 2010 dollars? \$ 2. If you were in the CCC today, **Budget Your \$\$ Today** Add in other expenses with your prepare a budget for how you leftover money. Laundry would spend your allowance. Snacks and Drinks Some necessary items are Savings Postage for Letters already included. Phone 3. Ask your parent or guardian how they would spend the money you sent home if you were in the CCC today. **GOT OUESTIONS?**

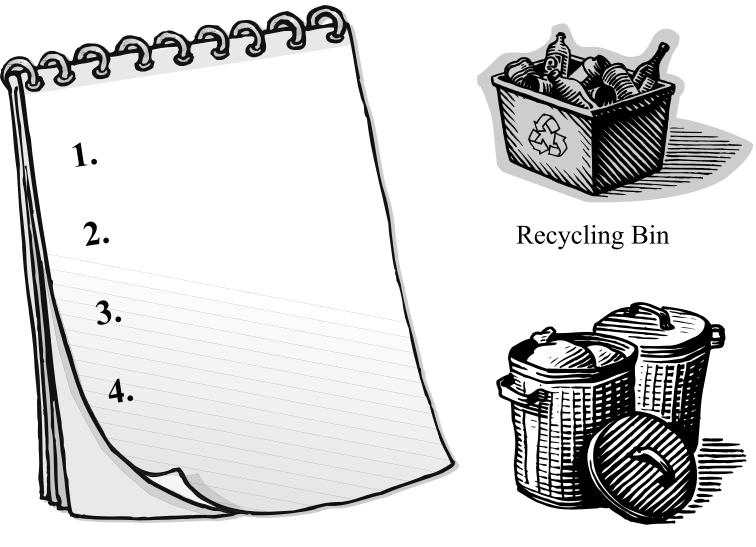
Ask a Ranger on pg. 20

Conservation and Preservation



Instructions: Part of a Park Ranger's responsibilities is keeping the park clean so that everyone can enjoy it!

- ⇒ Pick up **10 pieces of trash** that you see around the park, but make sure you don't pick up anything that looks really gross or dangerous!
 - Acorns, be sure to go with a parent or guardian so they can help you!
- ⇒ List four items that you found. Draw a line to where each item belongs.



Trash Can

Leave No Trace

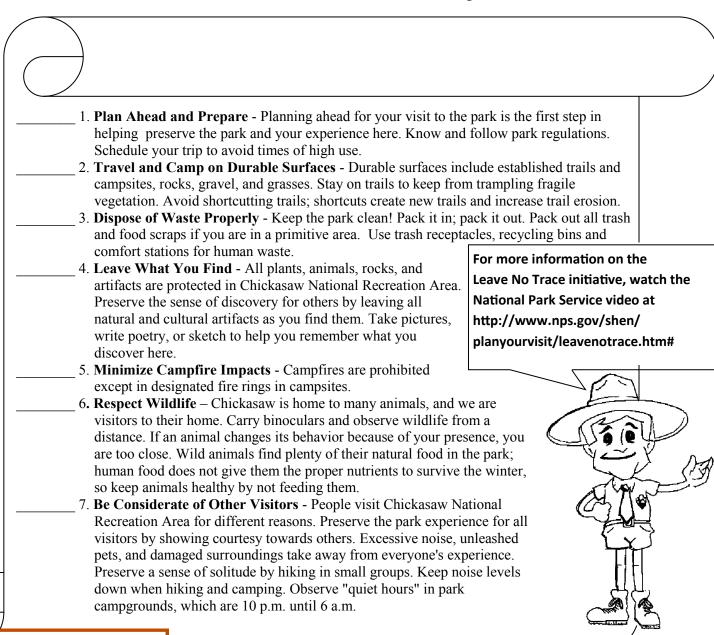
GOT QUESTIONS?
Ask a Ranger on pg. 20



Leave No Trace is simple. At its heart it is a set of seven principles which can minimize human impacts on the environment.

Listed below are the seven principles of Leave No Trace with ways to apply these principles in the Chickasaw National Recreation Area. Whether you are hiking, swimming, picnicking, camping or boating, following these Leave No Trace principles will help protect the park and preserve the park experience for you and future visitors.

Instructions: Read and initial these Leave No Trace Principles.



17

Now What?



Text Message to Friends	
acebook Status	
Example— Twitter Message " Spending the day at Chickasaw NRA. Just for ation's 7th National Park. How cool!"	ound out it's the
nstructions: Write something interesting you learned, saw or did here the Chickasaw National Recreation Area for each item below.	S. No.
read the Word	

Working for the National Park Service



Experience your America and build a fulfilling career by joining the National Park Service! Become part of our mission to unite our past, our cultures and our special places, to establish important connections to the present and build a rich and lasting legacy for future generations.

NPS is one of the most visible and appreciated of Federal agencies. We care for and conserve special places saved by the American people so that all may experience our heritage. From the Statue of Liberty National Monument to the geysers of Yellowstone National Park, to the vistas of the Grand Canyon National Park to the springs of the Chickasaw National Recreation Area, the National Park Service is part of the fabric of American life. You can be part of this exciting and important mission!

NPS offers a broad range of job opportunities. From permanent career positions to temporary and seasonal positions, NPS offers a variety of exciting and rewarding assignments across the country in some of the most beautiful and historic sites on earth.

To complete this activity, ask a Ranger about working for the Park Service and get them to initial here.

For more information on:

PERMANENT jobs, go to http://www.nps.gov/personnel/permanent.htm

TEMPORARY AND SEASONAL

opportunities, go to http://www.nps.gov/personnel/seasonal.htm

VOLUNTEER opportunities for the NPS, go to http://www.nps.gov/volunteer/



Ask a Ranger



Instructions: Circle at least three activities that you would like to know more about. When you bring this book to a Ranger for checking, he/she will be glad to answer any questions or tell you more about that activity.

Safety	National Park Service Mission	The Natural World	A Place of Water
History	Conservation and Preservation	The Travertine Nature Center Scavenger Hunt Bingo	Now What?
Notes:			

My Chickasaw Journal

Camping and Park Regulations

These regulations will help you to have a safe and enjoyable visit to Chickasaw National Recreation Area and leave it unimpaired for others to enjoy.

- 1. Park signage may indicate alcoholic beverages are prohibited in some areas of the park.
- 2. Pets are welcome in most areas and must be on a leash at all times. Pets are not permitted on trails east of Travertine Nature Center, in swimming areas, or in the backcountry. Pets should not be left unattended in campsites.
- 3. Fires are allowed in designated areas only. Grills and fire grates are provided and must be used. No ground fires are permitted.
- 4. Camp and picnic in designated areas only.
- 5. Lantern hangers have been provided for your use. Please use them and protect the trees from damage.
- 6. All wildlife, flowers, and plants are protected. Be careful animals may bite and certain plants are poisonous.
- 7. Keep all vehicles on maintained roads only. Park your vehicles and trailers within campsite driveway to protect vegetation. ATVs and off-road motorcycles are not permitted in the park.
- 8. Dead and down wood can be collected near the campground. Trees should not be cut or damaged.
- 9. One-way roads and speed limits are posted for your safety. Remember small children may be playing in the area.
- 10. Quiet Hours are from 10:00 p.m. to 6:00 a.m. No generators, radios, stereos, or musical instruments please. Only registered campers and guests are permitted in the campground.
- 11. Checkout time is 12:00 p.m. for the Platt District Campgrounds and 5:00 p.m. for the Arbuckle District Campgrounds. There is a 14-day stay limit.
- 12. Fishing is permitted in all of the small lakes throughout the park including Veterans Lake by hand held rod/pole only. A state-fishing license is required. No trotlines, jugs, yo-yo's or sail lines are permitted in these small lakes.

It is your responsibility to be familiar with National Park Service regulations.

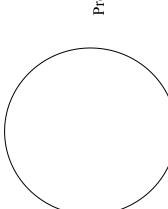
To make reservations in advance go online to www.recreation.gov or call (877) 444-6777. Amenities include restrooms but no showers. Current rates are posted on the fee machine located at the campground entrance.



JUNIOR RANGER

This hereby certifies that

Chickasaw National Recreation Area Junior Ranger Program. has completed all the requirements of the



Presented by:

National Park Service Ranger



Mail: 1008 West Second Street Sulphur, OK 73086

Travertine Nature Center (580) 622-7234

Visit us online at : www.nps.gov/chic

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